

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR.

DECATUR, ILL. TUESDAY, JUNE 3 1902.

PEACE AT LAST

Boer War Ended by the Conclusion of the Treaty

BALFOUR'S ANNOUNCEMENT

In the House of Commons Greeted with Enthusiasm—London is Rejoicing

London, June 2.—Not in years had there been so much rejoicing in London as when Mr. Balfour announced the conclusion of the peace treaty. The House of Commons was crowded to the doors, and the streets were filled with thousands of people. The news was received with a shout of joy, and the bells of the city were rung. The House of Commons was called into session at 11 o'clock, and Mr. Balfour rose to announce the news. He said that the peace treaty had been signed, and that the war was over. The House rose to its feet, and the members cheered and applauded. The news was repeated in the newspapers, and the people of London were jubilant. The streets were filled with flags, and the bells were rung. The news was received with a shout of joy, and the bells of the city were rung.

CELEBRATE IN LONDON

London, June 2.—The announcement of peace was celebrated in London today. The streets were filled with thousands of people, and the bells of the city were rung. The House of Commons was called into session at 11 o'clock, and Mr. Balfour rose to announce the news. He said that the peace treaty had been signed, and that the war was over. The House rose to its feet, and the members cheered and applauded. The news was repeated in the newspapers, and the people of London were jubilant. The streets were filled with flags, and the bells were rung.

SYMPATHY FOR KRUGER

Paris, June 2.—The municipal council today adopted an address of sympathy with Kruger, whose people have so valiantly fought for right against might. The council expressed its sympathy with the Boers, and its regret that the war had ended. The council also expressed its sympathy with the people of South Africa, and its hope that peace would bring about a better future for the country.

ONLY FEW DISPLEASED

Hamilton, June 2.—Boer prisoners here are reported to be in general pleased with the announcement that peace had been concluded, although a few were disappointed. The prisoners were told that they would be released, and that they would be able to return to their homes. The prisoners were also told that they would be able to see their families, and that they would be able to live in peace.

REJOICING OVER NEWS

St. John's, N. F., June 2.—News of the peace in South Africa was received today with enthusiasm and rejoicing. The ships in the harbor were decorated, flags raised, and church bells rung. The people of St. John's were jubilant, and the streets were filled with flags. The news was received with a shout of joy, and the bells of the city were rung.

MINGLED WITH REGRET

The Hague, June 2.—News of the conclusion of peace was received here with mixed feelings. While there is general satisfaction that the war is ended, there is also a feeling of regret that the Boers have been defeated. The news was received with a shout of joy, and the bells of the city were rung.

BRINGS RELIEF

Brussels, June 2.—The press is unanimous in declaring the announcement of peace will be hailed with relief and satisfaction throughout the world. The news was received with a shout of joy, and the bells of the city were rung.

POPE CONGRATULATES

Rome, June 2.—King Edward received a message from the pope congratulating the Boers on the re-establishment of peace. The pope said that he was glad that the war was over, and that he hoped that peace would bring about a better future for the world. The news was received with a shout of joy, and the bells of the city were rung.

FIRE SALUTES

Hong Kong, June 2.—When the news of peace in South Africa was received today the ships in the harbor were decorated, flags raised, and church bells rung. The people of Hong Kong were jubilant, and the streets were filled with flags. The news was received with a shout of joy, and the bells of the city were rung.

CELEBRATED AT GIBRALTAR

Gibraltar, June 2.—The British garrison here celebrated the receipt of the news of peace in South Africa with bonfires and firing of salutes. The ships in the harbor were decorated, flags raised, and church bells rung. The people of Gibraltar were jubilant, and the streets were filled with flags. The news was received with a shout of joy, and the bells of the city were rung.

RIOT IN CHICAGO

Striking Teamsters Are Giving the Police Force Considerable Trouble

ATTACK NON-UNION WAGONS

And Dump the Meat Into the Street—Police Charge the Crowds

Chicago, June 2.—Riot and bloodshed marked the progress of the teamsters' strike today. There were numerous fights between the police and strikers, and the police were giving the strikers considerable trouble. The strikers were attacking non-union wagons, and dumping the meat into the street. The police charged the crowds, and the strikers were giving the police considerable trouble.

LOOK FOR LIBERAL POLICY

Bucharest, June 2.—All the Hungarian newspapers express satisfaction at the conclusion of peace in South Africa. The newspapers say that the Boers will be treated with a liberal policy, and that the Boers will be able to return to their homes. The newspapers also express their hope that peace will bring about a better future for the world.

PROCLAIM HOLIDAY

Montreal, June 2.—There is general rejoicing in the province of Quebec over the news of peace. A general holiday was proclaimed for tomorrow, and the people of Montreal were jubilant. The streets were filled with flags, and the bells of the city were rung.

KRUGER IS SILENT

Amsterdam, June 2.—Since the news was received that peace was concluded, Kruger has declined to receive any visitors or express any opinion. The other Boer delegates are disappointed at the outcome, and are not inclined to discuss the matter. The news was received with a shout of joy, and the bells of the city were rung.

Postal Card Swindler

Chicago, June 2.—E. Louis Smith, who ran an establishment for making bogus postal cards that was the largest rival to the government printing office ever discovered, was sentenced today to two years in the penitentiary. The law permits a penalty of twenty years but the judge recommended the post-office department.

Government Business

Washington, June 2.—During May government receipts were \$2,550,350. The government receipts for May were \$2,550,350, and expenditures were \$2,550,350. The government receipts for May were \$2,550,350, and expenditures were \$2,550,350. The government receipts for May were \$2,550,350, and expenditures were \$2,550,350.

Steamship Arrivals

Boston, June 2.—Union Line from Liverpool. Liverpool-Cunard from New York. Bremen-Friedrichs from New York. New York-Cunard from New York. New York-Cunard from New York. New York-Cunard from New York.

Tuberculosis Congress

New York, June 2.—The American congress of tuberculosis began the third annual meeting here today in joint session with the medical-legal society. The delegates represent the medical, legal, and scientific bodies of the various states, Canada, Mexico, and several Central and South American republics.

Denies Requisition

Springfield, June 2.—Governor Yates today denied the requisition from the governor of Alabama for extradition of Will Jackson, alias "Clanton Kid," under arrest in Chicago, and wanted in Birmingham on the charge of assault to kill.

Wire Broke

Minneapolis, June 2.—At the Elks' fair today while a woman performer was making a spectacular slide along a taut wire the supporting post broke. The wire struck and fatally injured George Sweeney. Other accidents occurred and several persons were slightly injured.

FIREMEN AND PUMP RUNNERS

Join the Striking Coal Miners in Pennsylvania

TORNADO STRUCK

City of LaCrosse Last Night and Did Considerable Damage

LaCrosse, Wis., June 2.—A tornado struck this city at 9:30 tonight. A number of small buildings were unroofed, and a portion of St. Joseph's church was blown down, windows broken and trees uprooted. There was a panic in the crowd of people gathered to witness the arrival of the delegates to the Old Fellows' convention. Many were hurt, but none fatally. The damage done may reach \$10,000. There is an unconfirmed rumor of serious damage south and that one man was killed.

Cloudburst

Des Moines, June 2.—A cloudburst occurred at Des Moines on the Burlington route, this afternoon. Several thousand acres of corn were washed away. The Burlington track for five or six miles was undermined and traffic on the Keokuk branch blocked at this point. Many cattle and sheep are reported lost.

President to Open Games

Chicago, June 2.—Henry J. Farber, president of the Olympic games, received a letter from President Roosevelt today accepting the invitation to open the games in person. The president's letter was accompanied by a letter from the department of state for the use of the Olympic games delegates, who will sail for Europe July 1, for the purpose of securing representation of foreign nations.

Another Eruption

Seattle, June 2.—Passengers from Cook Inlet who arrived by the Chico, confirm the previous rumors of another eruption of Reuben volcano. The ship's course out of the inlet left the volcano directly to the westward, at which point it looked as if a continuous sheet of fire was rising, probably some miles high.

Goes to Christian College

Springfield, June 2.—Carl Johann, for four years superintendent of the schools at Eureka, has accepted a call to the presidency of the Christian college, Clinton, Missouri.

Tornado in Iowa

Dubuque, Ia., June 2.—A tornado struck near Louisville at noon today. A farmer named Ward was killed, and the hotel badly damaged, and many barns and windmills wrecked.

Declines to Talk

St. Paul, June 2.—President Stickney, of the Chicago great Western railway declined today, either to affirm or deny the report that J. Pierpont Morgan and John W. Gates had secured control of the property.

Insolvent

Chicago, June 2.—John A. and Alexander Davidson, president and vice president of the Davidson Brothers Marble company, confessed insolvency in the United States court here today. The liabilities are \$1,341,835, and practically no assets.

Postmasters Confirmed

Washington, June 2.—South Dakota—H. L. Brach, Mitchell. Iowa—William Goslin, Farmington; O. L. Stauffer, Gladbrook.

Public Debt

Washington, June 2.—At the close of business May 31, the public debt less cash in the treasury was \$982,469,573; a decrease for the month of \$646,403.

Closed to Celebrate

Liverpool, June 2.—The cotton, grain and provision exchanges closed today at 1 o'clock in consequence of a general holiday celebration of peace.

Mine Gas Explodes

Vienna, June 2.—Sixteen were killed and four wounded as a result of an explosion of gas today in a mine in Galicia.

TARIFF REVISION

Will Not Be Attempted by the Republicans at This Session

CONFER WITH PRESIDENT

Republican Leaders Convinced There is no Necessity for Making Changes

Washington, June 2.—A conference was held at the white house tonight attended by the leading republicans of both houses, the president inviting them. There were present Senators Allison, Aldrich, Hanna, Platt of Connecticut, and Spooner, Representatives Payne, Cannon, Dabell, Babcock, Hall, Sherman and Overstreet and Postmaster General Payne. The chief reason for the assembling was the tariff, the discussion turning on the advisability of attempting any revision now or taking up the matter in committee during the recess of congress with a view to presenting the measure in the short session. All those present were decidedly opposed to tariff revision either now or at the short session, the view being expressed that revision was unnecessary and furthermore that there was no time for it.

REBATE TO CUBA

Washington, June 2.—A conference of beet sugar senators resulted in the determination that the utmost concession to be granted to Cuba should be in the way of rebate turned over to the Cuban treasury to be disposed of as the Cuban government thought desirable. This rebate, to be either twenty percent or thirty percent of the duties collected on Cuban products, was stated, was offered simply as a compromise by those opposed to Cuban concessions.

ELECTIONS IN OREGON

Portland, Ore., June 2.—Incomplete returns indicate the republican ticket victorious except Governor George F. Chamberlain, democratic candidate for governor, is probably elected. Thomas N. Tongue is re-elected to congress from the first district and J. N. Williamson, republican, from the second.

Miners Strike

Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 2.—An order calling on the engineers, firemen and pumpmen went into effect today and the majority of the men obeyed. Neither side can claim a victory at this time because of the struggle at this place of the miners' strike just opened. There was only a partial showing of strength today. The real test will begin tomorrow. Although the majority of the men quit work, the companies, generally speaking, succeeded in keeping the pumps in operation. The operators feel that at present they have the advantage, but are not so sanguine of the future. The exact number of the men who quit today cannot be obtained. Each side refuses to make public their figures, but gave out information that the roughly estimates the number affected. The estimates are far apart.

United Presbyterians

Pittsburg, June 2.—Rev. Roy designed as principal clerk of the general assembly of the United Presbyterian church after a service of twenty-seven years. Dr. Wallace, thirty-five years' senior clerk, may succeed him. A new rule was adopted which makes the synod the last resort in appeals from the church bodies. The reports of the church boards occupied most of the time today.

Robbing Stores

Metropolis, Ill., June 2.—Two stores were broken into and safes blown open in South and New Columbia, this county. A small amount of money was secured. Fifteen hundred dollars in a strong box inside of one of the safes was not found. The work was evidently done by an organized band of burglars operating in southern Illinois. It is the fourth burglary within a week in this section.

Sunday School Workers

Portage, Wis., June 2.—One hundred delegates from as many Wisconsin Sunday schools were present at the annual convention of the state Sunday school association this afternoon. Rev. Jas. Cain made the opening address. At the evening session the address of welcome and responses were made.

Attends Mother's Funeral

Des Moines, Ia., June 2.—James S. Clarkson returned tonight to New York, after being here in attendance upon the funeral of his mother. She was buried today. His return is hastened by important business of his post, the surer of the customs of New York, and also by the illness of his son, Grosvenor.

Wind and Rain

Milwaukee, June 2.—Severe rain and wind storm preceded by warm waves was general today within radius of 100 miles of Milwaukee. At Fox Lake, a tornado swept a hundred yard swath through the town, doing considerable damage. Racine reports a deluge of rain.

Brigham's Birthday

Salt Lake, Utah, June 2.—The Mormons throughout Utah today celebrated the one hundred and first anniversary of the birth of Brigham Young with artillery salutes, speeches and a display of bonfire.

Increases Stocks

Jefferson City, Mo., June 2.—The St. Louis Southwestern Railroad company today filed a certificate of increase of capital stock from \$36,500,000 to \$55,000,000.

SAME AS CUBANS

Mason Would Give Filipinos an Opportunity to Govern Themselves

VOTED FOR PARIS TREATY

On the Theory That Freedom Would be Extended to the Islands

Washington, June 2.—Little interest was manifested in the senate debate on the Philippine government bill today under the fifteen-minute rule. At two or three stages it almost died of inattention. Mr. Mason of Illinois in a vigorous speech differed from the majority in the treatment proposed for the Filipinos. He urged that no reason existed for according them treatment different from that accorded to Cubans and strongly advised that they be afforded the right to govern themselves. He said he would not have voted for the Paris treaty but for the open understanding among the senators that the Filipinos were to be given their independence as soon as they were ready for it.

LAW IS VALID

United States Supreme Court Passes on Bankruptcy Act. Washington, June 2.—The supreme court today decided the national bankruptcy law constitutional. The proceeding was instituted by the Honorable National bank against Max Morris in the circuit court of the eastern district of Tennessee on a judgment against him and the validity of the bankruptcy law attacked. The court held that to be valid the bankruptcy law must be uniform throughout the United States and, further, that it is uniform, "when the trustee takes in each state whatever would have been available to creditors if the bankruptcy law had not been passed."

WEATHER FORECAST

Washington, June 2.—Blinds. Partly cloudy Tuesday; probably showers and thunderstorms except in extreme south portion; cooler in east portion; fresh to brisk south to west winds; Wednesday fair.

LOCAL WEATHER

The following is a record of the temperature for the twenty-four hours ended Monday evening at 7 o'clock as reported by Prof. J. H. Comradt, government observer:
7 a. m. 73 Highest 89
Noon 87 Lowest 67
7 p. m. 80

LOCAL AND OTHER GOOD STORIES.

COUNTRY WOMAN ESCAPES FROM AN X-RAY MACHINE

One of the doctors with an X-ray machine says that adjacent to medical science, although in use but a few years, is producing many amusing occurrences, but the most amusing of all happened to him recently when an honest old farmer and his wife made him a call. The farmer had suffered an injury to his arm years before and it had lately been giving him a deal of trouble. After he had furnished a history of the case the doctor said "I would look into it," and he was speaking literally. Then he went about the task of telling what could be accomplished with an X-ray machine and made an elaborate explanation of its ability to the aged couple, both hanging on his every word with wide open mouths. When the physician was ready to make his examination, he told the farmer to place his arm in position in front of the screen, reminding him that it would be unnecessary to remove his coat or shirt. After the machine began to get in its work he called the wife to come to "look into the arm." She could see as plainly as the doctor but she did not understand it as thoroughly. One glance was enough for her. Grabbing her skirt close about her form she darted into the hall with a shriek, pursued by both the doctor and the husband, who were completely mystified by her strange conduct. They tried in vain to coax her back into the office, but she stubbornly refused to go, saying to the physician: "Do you think I'll stay in there with a darned machine that you can turn on me and see clear through my clothes. Not much. I am only a country woman, but I'd have you understand that I am a lady."

MODERN COLONEL TELLS HIS SELLERS PART A LITTLE VISIT TO DECATUR

and he is a put-up-and-take-it-down kind of a fellow.

Dr. Bevans Tells Of Life In Cuba

J. H. Bevans received a letter a few days ago from his son, Dr. J. L. Bevans, who is now stationed with the regular army at Fort Belvoir, Barracks, a few miles from Centerville, Cuba. The letter was dated May 19.

Among other things Dr. Bevans says: "Today is our last day in Cuba as an intervening nation. Tomorrow it will be 'Cuba Libre.' I notice the ships are flying Cuban colors today and Governor Wood ordered the Cuban flag to be hoisted on Morro castle several days ago. All officers have been ordered to remain in the post tomorrow. I can not imagine that there can be any trouble. We are all invited to a great 'Inauguration ball' or ball to be given by a Cuban club at Centerville tomorrow night but the order will prevent us from attending. All insular funds are being turned over today and our launch makes its last trip for us this afternoon. Tomorrow it will be under the orders of the Cuban service of Cienfuegos and we will ride in a much humbler appearing hack belonging to our own quartermaster's department. Until today I have been sanitary officer of Cienfuegos with orders to inspect hospitals and see that the work of the municipal board of health was properly done, but tomorrow I will have authority only in this post."

We have so far been a part of the department of Cuba with General Wood at the head, but from now on we will belong to the department of the east with General Brooke at New York in command. Our pay even will come from New York and not from Havana.

MOSQUITO CAGES

This post was built for a large command and we do not nearly fill it. The hospital is large and beautifully located on a hill back from the sea. It commands a view of much of the harbor and all of the entrance to it. It would easily accommodate fifty patients and I rarely have more than six or eight in bed. It is built with an inside court and fine large porches. My office is a very large room with hardwood floor and fine ventilation. Then I have a laboratory, an operating room, a dispensary and steward's office near my office. Back of that are three large wards, a dining room and kitchen. Then separated from these are quarters for men of the hospital corps, various store rooms, etc. Still farther back is a building which is used as an isolation hospital. This isolation hospital

VALUABLE LANDMARKS

Society of Engineers Making an Effort to Preserve Them

County Clerk Dodd is in receipt of a copy of a circular letter which is being sent out by the Illinois Society of Engineers and Surveyors, calling attention to a matter of vital importance to land owners in these days when the face of the earth is undergoing such rapid changes at the hand of man and old landmarks

are being removed or destroyed. The letter is as follows: "At the last annual meeting of the Illinois Society of Engineers attention was called to the frequent destruction or removal of stones on highways for perpetuating land boundaries. A resolution was passed directing the secretary to mail a circular letter to the county clerk and county surveyor of each county in the state, and request that the various commissioners of highways be urged to exercise special care so that these valuable

marks might not be disturbed. These monuments are not intentionally destroyed, but in the grading of the highways they are often disturbed or removed innocently. The commissioners and all persons who have charge of the grading on the country roads should be reminded that a stone, rod or other monumental mark is liable to be found at any section corner, and also at any well-defined fence-line running from the road between section corners; that the destruction or removal of these is prohibited by state law (see Revised Statutes, Statute and Chapter 12); and that the greatest care should be exercised not to disturb any such monuments which may exist at these points.

SEA BATHING.

We have greatly enjoyed the sea bathing until recently. The water is clear and beautiful and warm, but just now it seems to give people a skin eruption like hives. Many soldiers are troubled and three out of five officers who went

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"Attention is also drawn to the practice of some land owners of moving their fences into the public highways. This practice should be vigorously resisted by those in charge of the public highways, in the various townships, even if there is no other reason than that, in the absence or loss of a monument at the cor-

ner, a line midway between fence-lines is liable to be assumed as the proper dividing line, at some future date, and thus error and often litigation follow.

"These are matters of great moment to every citizen, and especially to the farmers and we believe your attention need only be called to them to enlist your hearty co-operation, which we feel sure you will accord."

Beware of the gun that isn't loaded and the volcano that is "extinct."

Funeral at Macon

The funeral of Albert Best was held Thursday morning from the Methodist church of Macon. The cause of his death was peritonitis. He was married to Miss Cora Stich but only a short time ago. He was 24 years of age. The young couple had gone to St. Louis, where they were living at the time of his death.

He was a young man of noble character and had many good traits, and will be greatly missed by all who knew

him. He was converted and joined the U. B. church five years ago and since that time he has always lived a true Christian life. Rev. Myers of Indiana conducted the funeral services. Besides many loving friends he leaves a loving wife, a father, four brothers and two sisters, Richard, Charles, Edward, Benjamin, Maggie and Mrs. Minnie Turpin, to mourn his departure. He was laid to rest in the Macon cemetery. The church and the grave were most beautifully decorated with flowers.

(Continued on Page 5.)

to the Lord's own is equal to a thousand and a hundred shall put ten thousand to flight went back to bed and slept the sleep of the just.

BLISS ADVISES FOND MOTHER ON SUBJECT OF SPANKING

A fond mother residing at Hurricane, Ill., wrote to Charles Bliss of the Montgomery News asking him to give his ideas on corporal punishment, and wanting to know whether it is a proper thing to spank a child. He replies: "Yes, indeed, madam. I believe a child should be spanked regularly every day. Some mothers spank their children by fits and starts. One day they will spank them three or four times and then let up for a week. A child should never be sent unspanked to bed. The wisdom of all the ages and sages and broncho busters, is in favor of the spank as a disciplinary measure. It has been found that a robust spank will chasten and spiritualize a child. It relieves melancholy and lifts the dejected spirit of the spanker, and inspires the spankee with vim and life and energy. It also encourages filial affection in after years. Shakespeare said: 'How sharper than a serpent's tooth it is to have a spankless child.'"

"But there is a right way and a wrong way to spank a child. There is a right time and a wrong time. Never spank a child on a full stomach. Always turn him over."

HER DIGESTIVE APPARATUS WAS WELL PINNED UP

One day a woman came to a country doctor complaining that she was unable to digest her food. He inquired into the history of the case and learned that years ago, while pursuing her business as a milliner, she was in the habit of filling her mouth with pins so as to have them handy. But one memorable day while she was doing her stint as a human pin cushion some one spoke to her, and in replying she involuntarily drew in her breath and swallowed the pins, but never heard of them afterwards. She concluded her story by inquiring: "Now, doctor, do you think that has anything to do with the present distressing condition?"

"Well, really, madam," he replied deliberately, "I do not like to venture a rash opinion, but it strikes me that you ought not to have any trouble with a stomach that is as well 'pinned up' as yours appears to be."

AS A REWARD FOR HER EXEMPLARY CONDUCT LITTLE ETHEL, THE PRIDE OF THE JONES HOUSEHOLD, HAVING REACHED HER FIFTH BIRTHDAY, WAS MADE A PROFIT

After church service what seemed a year to her welcome day came and she was prepared to go long before the hour for starting. Everything went all right till the collection plate was passed around; then she put up her hand as she saw the others do. After the plate passed Ethel seemed anxious to tell her mother something, but she was immediately hushed, and when they got outside the church the child was seen to have something in her hand. When they were clear of the door Ethel turned to her mother and said:

"Mother, what did you get when the man passed the money?"

Her mother looked at her in amazement and Ethel continued:

"I got this," and opening her hand she displayed a quarter of a dollar, shining and bright.

THE ENGINEERMAN ARE TOO BUSY TO BE SOCIABLE - THE FIREMEN HAS A NEVER ENDING JOB WHILE HIS TRAIN IS IN MOTION - HOW HE KEEPS BUSY

ing in a farm house. Inside he knows that it is warm and comfortable and he wishes that he had never seen a railroad.

And when the passenger train pulls into the country town and the youth of the village sees a fireman hanging half out of the window, lazily pulling the bell rope, he fondly imagines that the fireman has nothing to do but ring the bell and that after a time he will graduate into an engineer and then want to be bothered with so much as ringing the bell.

Suppose this deluded youth got on an engine to ride. The train is made up of five heavy, up-to-date passenger cars for a run over a division nearly two hundred miles long and five hours to do the trick. What does he see? The fireman has no use for that seat box. The moment that the train stops at the station he leads her for the pull up the hill which is just ahead. "Loading her" consists in shoveling perhaps four, five or six big scoops of coal into the furnace. Or if he does not do that he climbs back over the coal and the tender and pulls down the big water spout and fills the tank. When he has finished all of the station work has been completed in a hurry and the train is in motion before he can get his hands on the shovel once more. Again he leads her. In doing that he dropped a stray piece of coal and slid some coal dust on the track. By the time he has led her to the shovel he has hold of the broom and is sweeping the deck. Then he leads her once more and dropping the shovel takes up the coal pick and breaks up the larger lumps into pieces no larger than his fist, for the coal to burn quickly and give the best results must not be in big chunks. To get the results desired the engine carries 170 pounds steam pressure. By the time the coal is broken the hand on the gauge is rising toward the 160 mark and again he "bores after her" with more coal. By actual timing under the watch a fireman on a run of 175 miles regularly fired the furnace at least every minute, putting sometimes four, gain six and sometimes as high as ten shovels full of coal in sixty seconds. On one occasion when there was no special reason for haste, the fireman threw three shovelful of coal into the furnace in twelve seconds. Each time that he threw in a shovelful of coal he opened and shut the door of the furnace. This matter of feeding coal into the furnace is a science.

Colonel D. H. Conklin, who began rail reading when that science was in its infancy, is fond of telling that the play boy leaning on his plow watching the long freight train go by in the spring time sees the brakeman perched on top of the car with apparently nothing to do but ride. There is inspired in the breast of the play boy a desire to be a "rail-roader" and the chances are that he never rests until he gets into the business. When he has grown to be an old timer some night he goes picking his way carefully over the top of an icy car and in the distance sees the lights twink

ling in a farm house. Inside he knows that it is warm and comfortable and he wishes that he had never seen a railroad.

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ALBERT J. HOPKINS.
For Member of Congress,
VESPASIAN WARNER.
For Representative, 25th District,
ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER.
Of Macon.
CARL SWIGART,
OF DECATUR COUNTY.
County Ticket
County Judge,
O. W. SMITH.
County Clerk,
JAMES M. DODD.
County Treasurer,
E. R. MOFFETT.
Sheriff,
W. W. CONARD.
County Superintendent,
ALBA A. JONES.

Cuba need not trouble about a navy. Uncle Sam still has his hands full to use it.

If Cuba can manage to live within her income for a year or two her peace and happiness will be greatly enhanced.

Senator Hoar talks grammatically and well. He grumbles some and does not always talk on the right side but he generally votes right.

Bloomington possibly remembers May 30, 1901. Decatur baseball fans have long since forgotten it. Bloomington probably try to forget May 30, 1902.

Spain's lay king has announced his opposition to bull fights. On moral grounds he is to be commended. For economic reasons also the world will approve. Think of the price of meat.

In the presence of the horrors of Mr. Tebbe science is dumb. All that the wise men can say as to the origin of the eruptions is to guess. There are about as many guesses as there are scientists.

The bill authorizing a public building at Decatur and some 70 other cities has passed both houses of congress. It only awaits the addition of the words "Theodore Roosevelt" to make it a law.

Lithon predicts the passing of the horse. His new storage battery makes autos cheap and handy. It will be some time before the noble horse is not needed. He has been man's friend and companion so long that the automobile will find a number more patrons and improvements necessary before the horse is supplanted.

The country will be grateful to Mr. Bryan for his sympathy for President Roosevelt. He is afraid that the best trust prosecution with cost the president a re-nomination. Along in the 1900's, somewhere from 1895 to 1900, the country was regaled with the sentiment that it is better to be right than to be president. Mr. Roosevelt prefers to be right and be president. Hence these tears.

President Roosevelt's memorial day address does not indicate any softening of the backbone. The president vigorously announces the policy of the administration in the Philippines. He does not mince his words regarding those who try to place obstacles in the way of the pacification of Filipinos. He recalls having read or heard of similar tactics during the civil war. Both are characterized by the chief magistrate as good, plain easily understood English.

Present prospects point to an enormous corn crop. Still a number of peaks stand between June 1 and husking time. Plenty corn will mean lower prices and cheaper living for all.

Col. Henry Watterson says "let none of us be too critical about platforms. There were parties before platforms." True. It might also be remarked that there is one party less since the Chicago and Kansas City platforms. There was once a democratic party but after those two notorious platforms it was merged with the populists.

A Washington correspondent says that it may or may not comfort the householder to read, these warm days, that artificial ice can be made at a cost of 50 cents a ton. The official promulga-

tion of the census office says that this is the result of their expert inquiry. But 60 cents a ton is admittedly the cost only under the most favoring circumstances. The average cost, in general commercial experiences, is \$1.10 to \$1.50 a ton. This includes the quiet time in the winter when little is doing. There is nothing in the census report to show why ice should retail in large cities at \$8 a ton when it costs but \$1.25 on the average to make it.

Democrats are digging into the expense account of the administration in Cuba. They charge that Gen. Wood received \$1300 a month. If he did it is the cheapest money that this government ever paid for services rendered, says the Peoria Star. Wood banished yellow fever from the island. It was his energetic administration that cleansed Havana. From being a pest hole and misery of disease he made it healthy, clean and wholesome. With such services he ought to have a pension of twice \$1300 a month, for he has solved a question that has cost the United States millions of money and hundreds of thousands of valuable lives. The longer this question is inquired into the worse for the democrats.

A farmer named Shaw, living in Ogle county, owned a dog and paid taxes on it, says the Wyancong Post. One night he found his dog had killed seven fine ewes and tearing away at the throat of another. Farmer Shaw shot the dog dead. Then he put in a bill of \$16 against Orange county for the eight sheep his dog had killed. "It was my dog that did it, I know," he admitted. Then the commissioners laughed at him for expecting pay for the sheep his own dog had killed. "But," argued Shaw, "I paid taxes to the county on him, and if he had killed some other fellow's sheep the county would have had to pay for them, wouldn't it? Well, haven't I as many rights against holding a sheep killing dog as my neighbors have? I want them \$66." The commissioners stopped laughing and asked their counsel what it would be best to do, and he said he guessed Farmer Shaw had "em where the hair was short and they had better pay, and pay they did.

Senator Lodge will no doubt subscribe to the statement that to be intimate with a stonemason administration is not without its drawbacks. He had been out for a gallop with the president and members of the French mission. But what is a poor senator to do? It is not to be expected that a gentleman of 52, who has led a sedentary life, should be able to get astride of a large restless horse, and be bumped up and down for two mortal hours, with perfect impunity.

A saddle is a hard seat for a man used to it; it is admirably suited to purposes of war and the herding of cattle; but the sudden elevation from the seat of a victor, and the unrelenting elevations resulting from the impact of the saddle are almost sure to disclose an insufficiency in upholstery and an accompaniment of the thigh muscles, until this time all unsuspected. In consequence the standing posture subsequently becomes the more comfortable. But if the president will ride, what can his prime ministers do but go with him when invited.

The war in South Africa appears to be about over again.

The state Hanna convention of Ohio this week was very harmonious.

Tuesday and Wednesday mornings there was a close shave of the frost line.

At last the vote on the Philippines will be taken in the senate next Tuesday. That is so sudden.

In Cuba there are four political parties. Mr. Bryan has probably arranged to get the endorsement of three of them.

President Palma is evidently a close student of American methods. His message to congress is long and uninteresting.

It looks like two months more of congress. The poor things, it will be hard for them to wear during the heated months.

It begins to look like they would force Major Harrison to run for mayor again. He has been forced three times already.

The only survivor of the St. Pierre disaster was a man in a dungeon underground. This was a case where it paid to be in jail.

In Dowie's Zion there is smallpox. They quarantine by making it unlawful for any one to shake hands with a Dowieite. Who would want to do so?

Cuba has the gratitude of the United States for one thing at least. She elected a president whose name is pronounced in the United States language.

Shurtleff college at Upper Alton will celebrate its 70th anniversary next week. Rev. S. H. Bowyer is one of the trustees of this pioneer western college.

In the 23d congressional district the democrats might try the nomination of a candidate by a direct vote at the primaries. Let the longest pole knock the persimmon.

Gov. Jeff Davis has been expelled from the Baptist church in Arkansas. It is coming to a pretty pass when an Arkansas governor can't get drunk without being churched for it.

Tammany believes in the trifity. Since Lewis Nixon resigned as Richard Croker's successor to maintain his own self respect it has been decided to have a board of three in control.

The striking tennissers are making the big men look pretty blue. They can't do much toward collecting high trust prices for their products unless they can get wagons and teams and drivers to deliver the goods.

It pays to be a popular lecturer. Champ Clark and Senator Dolliver are said to make \$10,000 a year each in addition to their salaries. They are rarely in their seats. If their constituents do not object no one else will.

Decatur's democratic organ does not demerit very much. There was once a hunter. He saw something in the brush and was not quite sure what it was. He shot at it so that it was a calf he would miss it but it was a deer he would hit it. Wise hunter. Diplomatic organ.

President Palma has no doubt begun to realize the gravity of his position. He has a few officers to give out and a couple of hungry Cubans want them. President Lincoln encountered the same difficulty. He sagely remarked that there were so many more pigs than holes.

England has spent millions of money and many lives and has had her military prestige somewhat impaired by the Boer war. She would, however, lose nothing in the eyes of the world and her own people by being merciful and magnanimous in settling with the sturdy Dutchmen of South Africa.

Senator Morgan's committee reports adversely the bill to allow the president to choose the canal route across its isthmus. He wants to explore some more. The people want the canal started. If further exploration is to be made the crack of doom will be heard and still Morgan will be wanting to explore some more.

The house of representatives voted by a very large majority to prohibit the sale of intoxicants in the capitol building at Washington. It has done this before. The senate can be relied upon to smother this proposition as it has always done. If senators were responsible to the people they would be a little more sensitive to public opinion. As it is they trust to managing the legislatures when their terms expire.

The pioneer state normal school of Illinois at Bloomington appears to be keeping up a pretty good record notwithstanding the many new ones established in recent years. Seventy-nine graduates will go forth to teach at the commencement June 5. Mr. E. A. Gastman was one of the first class of graduates and has been for many years a member of the board in control of this excellent institution.

The tobacco trust has concluded a deal by which it owns the tobacco business of Cuba. The sugar trust has owned that branch some years. Perhaps it would be easier and simplify matters for congress to make a contract with the sugar and tobacco trusts and drop the reciprocity scheme. Cuba now seems to have no further interest in those two great staple products. The American Sugar Refining Company and the American Tobacco Company are the whole thing.

The democratic congressional convention of the 23d Illinois district adjourned without making a nomination. It met first at Newton and spent two days in vain. They then adjourned to Centralia. There they balloted two days and nights without making a nomination. Then the convention adjourned sine die. Each of the ten counties has a candidate and would have no other. This district is the birthplace of William Jennings Bryan of Lincoln, Neb. Why not nominate the great commoner? The fact that he lives in another state need not make any difference.

The Bloomington Pantagraph is authority that Joe Carter of Champaign is slated to succeed McCauley as superintendent of the soldiers' orphans' home at Bloomington. Smiling Joe would know just how to take care of the children and the appointment would undoubtedly be a good one.

Frank Sargent thinks the soft coal miners are likely to strike in sympathy with the hard coal men. Sympathy strikes have heretofore been somewhat disastrous. It would be a great calamity to the country for the business of the land to be tied up because of the difficulties of the coal men of Pennsylvania. That the anthracite miners have just grievances is not doubted. The combine of the coal railroads which own and control the hard coal business is not conducive to the well being of the men who live underground. It may nevertheless, be doubted whether the locking up of Nature's coal yards from the furnaces, factories and other industries of the country is the wisest method of enforcing the demands of the men. The danger is that it will produce a revolution of public sentiment disastrous to the miners. After all it is public sentiment and not law which controls in great emergencies. If it appears that there is general disturbance of the business of the country the public will have little patience with it and make the situation so uncomfortable that some sort of settlement must be made. The coal roads in refusing to submit the case to the arbitration board over which Senator Hanna presides confesses the weakness of their cause. If the war remains between the parties concerned there are prospects of success for the miners.

Now will you baseball cranks call him an "Indian"?

Our sunset neighbor is no doubt plunged into a gulf of grief over Mr. Bean.

intention to appoint Senator McLaurin of South Carolina to a life position on the court of claims. When that is done Mr. Tillman may be expected to be in a constant and violent state of eruption. The clock rooms will hardly serve to shield the fleeing democratic senators from the smoke and smell and lava and ashes that would overwhelm them. Mr. Pelee will hide its snarled head in shame and disgrace when the South Carolina volcano becomes silent if it ever does. The president should hesitate before bringing such peril to the solid old senate.

When his wife died J. Sterling Morton, secretary of agriculture under Cleveland, had erected over her grave a tombstone bearing the inscription: "Caroline French, wife of J. Sterling Morton and mother of Joy, Paul, Clark and Mark Morton." "Why did you put the boys' names in?" inquired a friend of him one day. "I took my boys out to the cemetery," said Mr. Morton, "and showed them their mother's grave. 'Boys,' I said, 'your mother is buried here. If one of you does anything dishonorable or anything of which she would be ashamed if she were alive, I will chip your name from her tombstone.'"

From Washington comes the following incident: "Remember, senators. It war does break out it may be a world war." So spoke McKinley to two democratic senators who had called on him. It was when the country was clamoring for vengeance for the Maine and for intervention in Cuba. The historic incident was recalled the other day by Senator Bacon, one of the president's visitors, who believed it a valuable contribution to history. And, by the way, it is getting to be quite the thing lately to make these personal contributions to history by emblazoning them in the congressional record.

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History. One of the following (candidates to select):
(a) English and American history.
(b) Greek and Roman history.
(c) General history.

It will be assumed that the candidate has done on the subject he selects an amount of work equal to what the high school pupil does on the subject in one year.
Algebra. Through quadratic equations.
Plane Geometry.
Foreign Language. Two years' work in one of the following: (candidates' choice):
(a) Latin.
(b) German.
(c) French.
Science. Either (candidates' choice):
(a) Both Botany—half a year's work, and Zoology half a year's work, or one of the following (candidates' choice):
(b) Biology—one year's work.
(c) Physics—one year's work.

THE MILLIKIN UNIVERSITY.
For the purpose of celebrating the opening of The James Millikin University in this city in September next, and of encouraging ambitious young men and women to educate and train themselves for greater usefulness, the board of managers of the Decatur College and Industrial school have offered a free scholarship good for the four years' course in the Academy, to the graduate of the rural schools receiving the highest general average in scholarship in a certain number of counties throughout the state.

ENTITLED TO SCHOLARSHIPS.
In Macon county the board some time ago offered a similar scholarship to all graduates of the rural schools making the highest average at each of the county central examinations, and also to the pupil in each of the ward schools passing to the High school with the highest general average.

The city schools have not yet completed their work and that list cannot yet be given but County Superintendent Keller has presented to the board the following list of graduates of the country school who are entitled to the scholarships:

Ocean Wave Central—Harmony school, Edward Dickson, Dalton City.
Walker Central—Walker school, Carrie Chenoweth, Walker.
Elwin Central—Cherry Grove school, Earl Weatherford, Boody.
Mt. Zion Central—Mt. Zion school, Maud Hickley, Mt. Zion.
Prairie Hill Central—Fort Daniel school, Dayton Dunham, Decatur.
Bois D'Arc Central—Bois D'Arc school Mabel Black, Long Creek; Long Creek school, Bernice Jones, Long Creek.

Oakley Central—Hess school, Florence Mohler, Corro Gordo.
Eldorado Central—Eldorado school, Sheridan Liebenberg, Decatur.
Rebel Central—Rural Park school, Dettie Miller, Argenta.
Prairie Chapel Central—Columbia school, Ward Bricker, Argenta.
White Central—White school, Pearl Bennett and Cleve Beadleson, tied, Oreana.

Forsyth Central—Independence school, Maudie McKinley, Forsyth.
Hadley Central—Lake View school, L. O. Davis, Warrensburg.
Excelior Central—Center Ridge

FREE EDUCATION

For Studious and Aspiring Macon County Boys and Girls

EXAMINATION SATURDAY

The James Millikin University Makes Generous Offer in This and Other Counties of the State

The competitive examination for the Macon county scholarship in the University of Illinois will be held Saturday morning June 7, beginning at 8 o'clock at the office of County Superintendent J. G. Keller. The candidates will provide themselves with foolscap or legal cap paper and pencils. A candidate to be successful must submit a complete set of papers. Even if there be but one candidate he must comply with this direction. One provision of the law should not be overlooked. If there be no successful candidate for the state scholarship in any county or senatorial district in Cook county, then the state superintendent may fill such vacancy from those who have passed the examination satisfactorily in some other county or district, but have not won a first place. In 1901 through this provision every candidate who passed the examination received a scholarship. The successful candidates must of course, comply with the entrance conditions of the university, before they are admitted upon the scholarship.

The following subjects will be included in the examination:

English. Questions upon the books named below and one or more short compositions upon subjects taken therefrom:

George Eliot's Silas Marner; Pope's Essay on Criticism; Milton's Paradise Lost; The Spectator; Goldsmith's Vicar of Wakefield; Coleridge's Ancient Mariner; Cooper's Last of the Mohicans; Tennyson's Princess; Shakespeare's Merchant of Venice; Scott's Ivanhoe; Shakespeare's Macbeth; Milton's Paradise Lost; Pausanias; Comus and Lycidas; Burke's Speech on Conciliation with America; Macaulay's Essays on Milton and Addison.

History. One of the following (candidates to select):
(a) English and American history.
(b) Greek and Roman history.
(c) General history.

It will be assumed that the candidate has done on the subject he selects an amount of work equal to what the high school pupil does on the subject in one year.
Algebra. Through quadratic equations.
Plane Geometry.
Foreign Language. Two years' work in one of the following: (candidates' choice):
(a) Latin.
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Hadley Central—Lake View school, L. O. Davis, Warrensburg.
Excelior Central—Center Ridge

school, Alma Moore, Decatur, rural delivery.
Bolling Springs Central—Prairie Center school, Beatrice Campbell, Bear-dale.
Warrensburg Central—Brick school, Frank Culp, Warrensburg.
Boody Central—Nevada school, Orpha Kallenbach, Boody.
Niantic Central—Niantic school, Chester Sponsler, Niantic.
Blue Mound Central—Blue Mound school, Thomas Despres, Blue Mound.
Harristown Central—Hill school, Walter Van Guilder, Harristown.

TO EMPORIA.
President A. R. Taylor will leave Monday for Emporia, Kansas, where he will on Wednesday deliver the commencement address at the graduation exercises of the Kansas State Normal school. He will return to Decatur Saturday.

MR. KELLER'S WORK.
County Superintendent Keller during the last week visited the Gregory school, where he found a model garden which has been planted and cultivated by the teacher, Miss Clara Mechtold and the pupils of the school. They have onions, radishes, lettuce, beans, peas, cabbages and potatoes. The garden is thriving and is evidently well cared for. The school has kept a record of the growth and production of the plot.

REVISING RATES

That is a Question Now Interesting Members of the M. W. of A.

STEP RATE PLAN SUGGESTED

Easterly Camp No. 1626 Will Debate the Plan Which is Said to Lack in Popularity

At the next national convention of the Modern Woodmen of America the most important question to be considered will be the adoption of a plan for rearranging the assessment rate. That meeting will be held next spring at Indianapolis. The delegates to that meeting are selected sometimes many weeks in advance. All of the delegates are instructed as to the position they shall take on the proposition and as there is much to be said on all sides it is natural that the discussion among the local lodges should be commenced a long time in advance of the national meeting.

Easterly Camp, 1626, of Decatur, has appointed the first meeting night in July for the discussion of the question. It is probable that the debate can only be commenced that night and that it may be continued for several nights. The supreme camp officers have given notice of a general plan known as the step rate system which will be presented at the next national meeting and have suggested that committees be appointed to present the proposition before each of the local lodges. Acting on this suggestion Camp 1626 has appointed three men on a side to argue in order that all of the members may have a full understanding of the plan proposed.

There are nearly 3000 Woodmen in Macon county and at the debate in Easterly camp there will be representatives from nearly every lodge in the county to hear what is said.

The acturaries of insurance science have figured to a nicety the cost of life insurance and on that knowledge the officers of the Woodmen have come to realize that some change must be made in their established rates. They have discovered that it will be practically impossible to get enough new blood into the organization to maintain in the present low rate of assessment. As the members age of course the death rate will increase and new members cannot be secured in numbers sufficient to reduce the average of losses among the old. It has been discovered for instance that the rate charged members between the ages of 45 and 65 is not sufficient to meet the losses unless younger members can be secured in sufficient numbers to reduce the average and that is recognized as practically impossible. On the other hand the sum charged is sufficient to meet all losses between the ages of 25 and 45 and more than twice enough to meet the losses between the ages of 18 and 25, but the trouble is that there are never enough new ones in the latter class to even up the losses in the class between 45 and 65 because too many men make application for membership after they are 30 years old.

The supreme camp, or some of its members, have suggested the step rate plan which is not in the east popular, for the majority of the members believe that some method that would be less expensive, but fully as effective, could be found.

The step rate plan provides that each year the insured shall pay a little higher rate, that is a member shall pay in proportion to his years. For instance a man who became a member at the age of 25 and was charged 15 cents per thousand on each assessment and having lived to the age of 38 without any increase in his assessment under the present plan, would under the step rate plan pay 83 cents on each thousand of insurance every time there was an assessment. While there has never been more than twelve assessments per annum there is no limit to the number that may be made should occasion require. It is said that under the step rate plan at the age of 70 a man would pay \$3 per thousand each assessment.

This question is one of not a little interest to the members of the order and there is a big lot of money involved. There are nearly 3000 members in Macon county and they will average \$2000 each so that the amount of money involved is not a small one. All of the members who have given the question any thought recognize the fact that some change must be made but how to make it and at the same time have the rate so low that they can continue to attract new blood, is a problem.

The Review's funny man must be taking a vacation. Probably he is enjoying some "boundless continuity of shade." It has been as much as a week since any typographical errors of the Herald have been noted and there have been several editorial articles discussing serious subjects without joking. There was one also commending Jim Gray.

Whooping Cough
A woman who has had experience with this disease, tells how to prevent any dangerous consequences from it. She says: Our three children took whooping cough last summer, our baby boy being only three months old, and owing to our giving them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy they lost none of their plumpness, and came out in much better health than other children whose parents did not use this remedy. Our oldest little girl would call justly for cough syrup between whoops.—Jessie Pinky Hall, Springfield, Ala. This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

Parson Louthier has signed with Walter Vrooman for this season. Mr. Vrooman should keep him on the bench.

Biliousness is a condition characterized by a disturbance of the digestive organs. The stomach is debilitated, the liver torpid, the bowels constipated. There is a loathing of food, pains in the bowels, dizziness, coated tongue and vomiting, first of the undigested or partially digested food and then of bile. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets allay the disturbances of the stomach and create a healthy appetite. They also tone up the liver to a healthy action and regulate the bowels. Try them and you are certain to be much pleased with the result. For sale by all druggists.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powder
For Children. Mother Gray, for years a nurse in the Children's Home in New York, treated children successfully with a remedy now prepared and placed in the drug stores, called Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children. They are harmless as milk, pleasant to take and never fail. A certain cure for feverishness, constipation, head-ache, teething, stomach disorders and remove worms. At all druggists, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address All-n-S. Olmsted, Box N. Y.

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ONLY ABOUT 30 DAYS MORE OF OUR ...REMOVAL... SALE! ...HELP US MOVE...

Our lease on our present quarters expires August 1. It is with pleasure that we state to the clothing buying public, that before that date, we will remove to our own building in Central Block, Lincoln Square, north of the Transfer house. In the meantime we must reduce or immense stock, and WE WILL MAKE PRICES ON SEASONABLE MERCHANDISE that will save us the trouble of moving them. From day to day as lots grow smaller, we will offer them as specials, and it will pay you to watch our daily ads and take advantage of these offerings, if you wish to save money.

SPECIAL 118 Boys' "Mothers' Friend" Waists, some laundered and some unlaundered. You know that 50c is the cheapest that you can buy a "Mothers' Friend" Waist for. We have them in only 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 year ages and none smaller. We will sell them to you as long as they last **28c** at less than the cost of the material in them.

HELP US MOVE

SPECIAL 72 Men's light colored stiff hats in Modes and Cubans. Hats suitable for this time of year. These are the celebrated "Longley" and "Enquirer" hats and are worth \$3.00. We will get rid of them within the next few days. **THEY ARE ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED.....48c**

HELP US MOVE

SPECIALA lot of linen tams for small boys **8c**and little girls, worth 25c.....

HELP US MOVE

SPECIAL 116 Childs vestee suits in fine Cassimeres, serges, etc. Ages only 4, 5, 6 and a few 7. There isn't a suit among them that sold for less than \$3.50, many of them **\$2.18** brought \$5.50. A few days will be enough to close them out at.....

HELP US MOVE

SPECIAL 72 boys' long pant suits, ages 14 to 19. Among this lot of goods are suits that sold at \$8 and some as high as \$14.50. There isn't a cotton suit among them, and not ONE that you will fail to get three times the worth of your money. **STOP AND THINK OF BUYING A \$3.48 BOY'S ALLWOOL LONG PANT SUIT at.....**

HELP US MOVE

SPECIAL 24 light colored and very light colored all wool men's Suits. Only 34, 35, 38, 40 sizes left. Suits that sold as high as \$15.00. They are very cheap at..... **\$4.48**

HELP US MOVE

SPECIAL A line of hot weather Shirts for boys and men. They were bought to sell at 75c. Some without collars and some with two collars to match shirt. Prime, new, stylish shirts cheap at..... **48c**

HELP US MOVE

SPECIAL Broken sizes in fine, fancy Balbriggan Underwear. Good 50c value. **38c** To clean.....

HELP US MOVE

IN ALL OUR DEPARTMENTS Our stock is full and complete. Midsummer suits, consisting of coat and pants only in serges, crases and flannels, some made with yoke coat at from \$7.50 up. New summer shirts. New summer neckwear. New child's wash suits from 50c up. New "Ideal" shirt waists for men, the only practical shirt waist on the market. Complete line of men's, boys' and children's spring suits. New straw hats. If you can't find it elsewhere come to us—we have it.

Help Us **B. STINE** Help Us
Move **CLOTHING CO.** Move
245-249 N. WATER

THE MARKETS

JULY CORN

Closed a Cent Higher on Monday—The Chicago Grain Market

Chicago, June 2. Wheat—Moderate trade, feeling easier, closing on a hangover. Weakness abroad and favorable weather at home the chief factors influencing it. The large exports, 84,000 bushels, decreased about and in the visible, were the supporting factors. The southwest solidly held, and local shorts covered on the decline. A vertical spot was seen in the futures 35 to 55 lower. Daily receipts were reported, with the cost for shipment. Local receipts, 25 cars.

Corn—Firmly active and easier early, but rallied quite sharply late in the day. The close showing July a cent higher, while distant futures were left unchanged. Favorable weather and lower in the weakness in Kansas City and the same receipts were the only influence. Liverpool spot was steady, with futures 18 to 78 lower. Local receipts, 723 cars.

Oats—Weaker and 35 to 58 lower, early, but recovered the loss and closed the same at Saturday's prices to 14

higher. Daily weakness was on selling induced by good weather and the break on other grains. Several large shorts covered. This with the advance in corn brought about the rally. Wheat—Moderate trade, easier, closing unchanged. No 3 red 78 1/2. Wheat No 2 red 78 to 79. 34 No 3 red 76 to 77. 4 to 78 1/4. No 2 hard 74 3/4. No 3 hard 74. June 72 3/4. July open 71 1/2 to 71 5/8. Highest 72 1/4. Low 71 1/2. Closed 72 1/8.

Provisions
Pork, June \$17.17. July same. Lard—\$10.25, same.

Rules—\$9.82 same
OTHER GRAINS
Short clover \$10.25 to \$10.35
Rye 57 1/4 to 57 1/2
Barley 66 to 70
Flax 81 3/8 to \$1.76
Clover \$8.35
Timothy September \$4.77
Receipts Shipments
Flour 25,000 30,000
Wheat 37,000 30,000
Corn 377,000 300,000
Oats 378,000 272,000

PRODUCE
Chicago—Butter steady, creameries 18 to 22. Dimes 17 to 19.
1 1/2-Steak 15 1/4
Poultry—Steady. Turkeys 10 to 12; chickens 11 1/2.

How Prices Fluctuated.

Following is the range of options, with yesterday's closing
Wheat—
June 72 1/2
July 71 1/2 to 71 3/4
Sept 70 1/2 to 70 3/4
Corn—
June 62
July 61 1/2 to 61 3/4
Sept 60 1/2 to 60 3/4
Oats—
June 61 1/2
July 61 1/2 to 61 3/4
Sept 60 1/2 to 60 3/4

June 34 35 36 37 38 39
July 34 35 36 37 38 39
Sept 27 28 29 30 31 32
Pork—
July 17 05 17 17 17 00 17 17 17 00
Lard—
July 10 20 10 25 10 15 10 25 10 20
Ribs—
July 9 82 9 72

The Visible
Chicago, June 2.—The visible—Wheat 28,804,000, decrease 8,328,000 corn 4,227,000, decrease 12,109,000, oats 3,055,000, decrease 8,163,000

DROGGED BY HORSE

Boy's Foolish Trick Nearly Cost Him His Life
Friday afternoon Arthur, the eight year old son of Frank McKay living about five miles northwest of the city, met with an accident that narrowly missed being fatal. The boy was sent out to catch a horse and after he had gotten a rope around its neck he tied the other end to his light vest. The animal didn't move fast enough to suit him and he attempted to urge it when the horse became frightened and started to run. The boy fell at the first turn and was dragged nearly a quarter of a mile before the rope parted. The track over which he was dragged was a wood pas-

ture and his clothing was literally torn off of him. He was bruised and scratched from head to foot and his right arm so severely strained as to paralyze it completely. It is probable that the bones are broken in the elbow joint, but the present paralysis and the swelling prevent a certain diagnosis. The boy was dragged through a small creek during the run and barely escaped being drowned.
When released from the animal he was able to walk to the house where he arrived with only his shirt collar and a few rags hanging from it for clothes. A surgeon was called and the prospect is that he will fully recover except as to the arm, about which nothing can yet be told.

F. C. Roberts, representing the Crocker-Huffman Land and Water Co. of Merced, Cal., will be at the St. Nicholas hotel in Decatur, Ill., on Friday and Saturday June 14 and 15, for the purpose of giving information regarding the lands of the above company which are now offered for sale. This land belongs to the state of the late Charles Crocker, one of the builders of the Central Pacific railroad. This particular tract first to be disposed of consists of about 3,200 acres of splendid soil located just outside the city limits of Merced. Every acre of it is under irrigation. It is adapted to the cultivation of oranges, lemons, figs, pines, peaches, apricots, pears, almonds, nectarines, etc., and alfalfa. The company desires to encourage diversified farming, dairying and fruit raising in tracts of about 40 acres. Pamphlets and full information will be supplied by Mr. Roberts to all persons interested who will call upon or write him at the above address.

JUSTICE COURTS.

Before Justice O'Mara Monday Edith Ayres forfeited a bond for disorderly conduct, and John Hoffman was fined \$4.80 for being intoxicated. The case of Albert Phoenix charged with the larceny of a hen and chickens came up before Justice McCoy Monday and Phoenix was bonded over in \$100 bond to the grand jury. He went to jail.

Tax on Babies

Extreme hot weather is a great tax upon the digestive power of babies when puny and feeble they should be given a few doses of White's Cream Vermifuge for the children's tonic. It will stimulate and lighten the digestion of their food so that they soon become strong, healthy and alive. 25c at John B. King.

Subscribe for The Herald.

WANTED—To have some one to take ten head of horses and break them for their work. Let them go in teams. Call at 1030 North Main—442t.

Bradley Bros
Decatur, Ill.

Bradley Bros
Decatur, Ill.

LINENS FOR LADIES' WEAR

Fine Sheer Linen Batiste, very desirable for suits, at 25c yard.
Colored Linens, in stripes and plains, for shirt waists, at 25c yard.
Solid Colored Linens, for suits and skirts, at 20c yard.
Extra Fine 24-inch Fancy Linens, for waists, at 35c yard.
32-inch Finest Irish Linens, very desirable for waists, suitable for embroidered work at 50c yard, in blue, pink, green and automobile.
32-inch Finest Irish Linens, in fancy woven patterns, pink, green, red and blue, at 50c yard.
Natural colors in Skirtings at 10c, 15c and 20c yard.

Bargains in Domestics, Linens and White Goods

1 bale yard-wide Fine Unbleached Muslin, regular 6 1/4c goods at 4c yard.
1 case yard wide Soft Glove Finished Bleached Muslin at 5c yard.
5 pieces Cream All-Linen Table Damask at 39c yard.
1 case Large Sized Pearl Hemmed Bed Spreads, a regular \$1.00 quilt, for 75c.
1 case Elegant Marcellies Pattern Bed Spread, a regular \$1.25 quilt, for 98c each.
1 case Extra Fine Fringed Bed Spreads, the largest size, for \$1.39 each.
We have purchased from a noted White Goods house their sample line of shirt waist goods, these come in lengths of two to three yards and contain 75 different styles, you can buy these this week at 1/3 less than regular prices for the same goods in the piece.
125 dozen Good Quality Turkish Wash Cloths at 2c each.
200 agents' samples of Fine Table Linens, in bleached, half bleached and cream, 2 and 2 1/2 yard lengths, at just exactly 33 1/3 per cent less than regular prices.
1 lot of slightly soiled Napkins in packages of 1/2 dozen each, goods worth as high as \$3.50 dozen, for \$2.50 dozen; \$2.00 stock for \$1.50 dozen; \$1.50 stock for \$1.00 dozen.
A Fine Double Damask Fringed Towel, colored border, at 15c each.
50 dozen Extra Heavy Huck Hemmed Bed Room Towels, fancy borders, at 6 1/4c.
1 lot of Good Huck Towels, 18x38, a regular 15c Towel, just the thing for hotels; this sale 12 1/2c each.

Wash Skirts

A choice new line in for this week, denim, polka-dot duck and linen skirts at \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50.

Shirt Waist Suits

A beautiful line of Dimity Suits at \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$7.50 each.
Linen Lawn Suits at \$5.00 each.
White Irish Linen Suits \$7.50 and \$10.00 each.

Shirt Waists

The new short sleeve low neck shirt waist at \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50.
Sample line of colored and white shirt waists at 25c each, nearly all sizes in the line.



A Splendid List of Second-hand Pianos and Organs

Come and Examine these Goods.
Call at once.

Upright Pianos

Most of them as good as new; which we are offering at prices to suit you.
SMITH & BARNES, walnut case, good condition.

HAINES & CO. oak case, used seven months.
SMITH & BARNES, oak case used 1 month.
WILLARD, oak case, used six months.

ROOT & SONS, good condition.

Square Pianos

A list of second-hand square pianos in good condition.

HARDMAN, Rosewood case, 7 1/2 octave fine condition.
WEBER, Rosewood case, 7 1/2 octave, good condition.

LINDEMAN & SONS, Rosewood case, 7 1/2 octave, extra good condition.

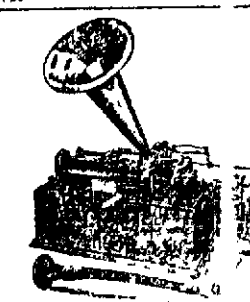
HALLETT & CUMSTON, Rosewood case, 7 octave, good condition.

GALE & CO. Rosewood case, in fair condition.

Organs

Second-hand

A. B. Chase, Newman Bros., Western Cot age, Burdett, Miller, Kimball, Jesse French and others



Like cut with every case complete only \$30.00

PRESCOTT MUSIC HOUSE,

104 East Prairie Street.

State Convention

Today Rev. McDonald and a number of the members of the Central Presbyterian Church will go to Petersburg to attend the state Sunday school convention which will continue until Thursday. Those attending Rev. McDonald will address the assembly on "Young People and the Kingdom of God." Dr. W. J. Early of Evansville was in the city last night and will accompany Rev. McDonald.

CAMPING

A number of the men club of the city, accompanied by a number of women, went Saturday night to Sunday camping in the woods of the city. They were a up a Sunday morning and caught a number of fish for the morning repast.

Extra June Specials

Full 2 1/2 yard wide unbleached Sheet- ing, 20c value; sale.....	15c
100 boxes Letter Paper and Envelopes, 24 of each, worth 10c; sale.....	5c
1000 yards best India Linen, full 30 in., worth 7c; sale.....	3 1/2c
200 beautiful Japanese Folding Fans, all colors, worth 10c; sale.....	5c
1000 yards very fine Valenciennes Lace, worth in town 4c; sale.....	1c
12 yards best 12 in. fancy Shell Paper, all colors, worth 5c; sale.....	2c
Parabols, Best Toilet Powders, equal to any 15c powder, bottle.....	5c
48 best white wave Envelopes, 6 in size, worth 10c; sale.....	5c
100 Ladies' Tortoise Shell Back Combs, 25c grade; sale.....	5c
200 best 60 in. Tape Measures, made of cloth, worth 5c; sale price, each.....	2c
500 pint bottle best Household Am- monia, worth 10c; sale price.....	5c



Decatur's Greatest Cash ...Bargain Store...

The Past Month has been the Greatest Month's Business in the History of Our Store.

TUESDAY MORNING--JUNE THIRD
WE START OUR

GIGANTIC JUNE SALE

And will put forth our greatest endeavors to make the month of June still greater than any previous month. Tremendous reductions will be made, and the GENUINE BARGAINS we offer will eclipse anything ever heard of in Decatur before. OUR STORE IS NOW RECOGNIZED AS THE GREATEST CASH BARGAIN STORE IN DECATUR, and has gained this reputation by STRAIGHT, UPRIGHT, FORWARD, HONEST Methods of Merchandise. Our buyers have been searching the leading markets of the East for the past 30 days picking up BARGAINS FOR READY CASH, preparing for this great sale, which will be added to our already truly wonderful stock of FRESH, NEW, UP-TO-DATE RELIABLE MERCHANDISE.

1000 boxes, Men's and
Boys' Socks, best
Garnet Toilet Pow-
der, worth 25c;
Sale.....

Extremely Wonderful Purchase in Silks and Dress Goods

Our \$40,000 purchase of silks and dress goods at 25c on the dollar and we have just received our share of the purchase, and place them on sale Monday at following prices:

Silks

Dress Goods

2000 yards good standard
Cotton in medium and
large colors, 7c
grade; Sale, yard.....

35-in. wide extra heavy Black Taff-
eta Silk for skirts; sold
everywhere at \$1.50; sale.....

One lot Black Figured Novelty
in Dress Goods; worth 25c;
June sale.....

1500 best Amoskeag
Apron Gingham Checks,
all colors, worth 6c;
sale.....

27-in. Black Peau de Soie Silk,
the best silk made for wear; col-
ors ask \$1.50 for this
grade; June sale.....

100 yd. 24-in. Black Peau de
Soie Silk, full warranted, sold
everywhere, \$1.00;
Sale.....

2000 yards best "11-12"
full yard-wide unbleached
of Muslin, worth 3c;
Sale.....

500 yds. best Oil Boiled Water
Cloth in black and all colors,
27-in.; made to sell at
75c; sale.....

70 yds. Black Satin Skirt, the
most popular cloth shown;
worth 75c;
Sale.....

1500 best Amoskeag
Apron Gingham Checks,
all colors, worth 6c;
sale.....

350 yds. best Liberty Satin Pon-
tains in all new desirable colors,
new patterns, worth regu-
larly \$1.25; sale.....

42-in. colored Etonettes in cotton,
gray, and brown; worth \$1.00;
very popular for skirts and
slips; sale.....

2000 yards best "11-12"
full yard-wide unbleached
of Muslin, worth 3c;
Sale.....

100 yds. pure all Silk Puffin in
full line of colors, 24-in. never
piled less than \$1.00;
Sale price.....

42-in. Black Etonettes for tal-
lance suits and small skirts; would
be cheap at \$1.50;
June sale.....

18-in. heavy Crash Tow-
eling for roller towels,
can't be beat, worth 6c;
Sale.....

30-in. Oil Boiled Cotton for cool
summer dresses in black only;
worth \$1.25;
Sale.....

50 yds. 19-in. Changeable Silks
for waists; also stripes and
checks; worth 65c;
June sale.....

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eling for roller towels,
can't be beat, worth 6c;
Sale.....

30-in. Oil Boiled Cotton for cool
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worth \$1.25;
Sale.....

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for waists; also stripes and
checks; worth 65c;
June sale.....

MOTHERS!

A large eastern manufacturer was overstocked on little boys' waistshirts for boys from 2 to 10 years old, with or without collars; they are worth 50c to 75c each; choice during sale

25c

Marvelous Shirt Values



100 yds. 24-in. Black Peau de
Soie Silk, full warranted, sold
everywhere, \$1.00;
Sale.....

500 yds. best Oil Boiled Water
Cloth in black and all colors,
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30-in. Oil Boiled Cotton for cool
summer dresses in black only;
worth \$1.25;
Sale.....

The Season's Newest Wash Goods

We bought 25 cases of Summer Wash Goods at Lloyd L. Jackson & Co.'s Clearance Sale in Baltimore, the largest exclusive Wash Goods house in the world. All surplus stock on hand is sold to the largest buyers in original cases. We were on the ground Monday, May 5, at 10 o'clock and secured 25 cases. We bought at such prices we are enabled to offer these goods now at retail less than wholesale cost.

Engadine Batiste Novelties, beau-
tiful variety of patterns and col-
ors, copies of the 25c goods, sold
everywhere at 10c a yard—our
price.....

20 pieces Vexay Silk, the new
cloth that has every appearance of
silk, latest conventional designs,
colors guaranteed fast, a cloth
never priced in the city less than
25c;
Sale price.....

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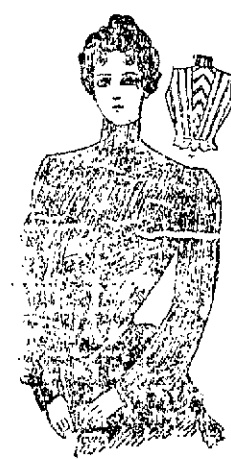
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25c;
Sale price.....

Sweeping Reductions in Shirt Waists



Just received a large choice shipment of
White Persian Lawn and India Linen
Waists, valued at \$2.50, \$3.00,
and \$3.50; sale price.....

43 dozen pure white Paris Musline doing
Waists, exactly like cut, with latest cuff
and collar; this is the faintest waist
shown this season, priced at \$2.50
and \$2.00 elsewhere; sale.....

23 dozen Ladies' new grass Linen and white
Linen Shirt Waists, embroidered front and
back and lace trimmed; a marvel for the
price; real value \$1.75;
sale price.....

500 Ladies' finest colored mercerized Waists
with tie to match made in the new pin-
gong style with plique collar; real value
of these waists, \$3.00; sale.....

One of the pickups—20 dozen Ladies' fine
madras and Chambay gingham Waists with
plique collars, made latest styles.....

nicely trimmed, full line of colors, real value \$2.00; sale.....

75 dozen Ladies' stylish percale, zephyr gingham and madras Waists
in black, white and all colors, values in this lot up to
\$1.75 and \$1.50; choice during sale.....

We bought 50 dozen of these Waists because they were cheap and you
will buy them for the same reason; they are the greatest values you
ever saw; worth \$1.00 and 75c each;
during June sale.....

One lot of 20 dozen Ladies' percale and madras waists; some mus-
seline and slightly soiled; all go at one price, all colors and sizes;
worth 30c, 75c, \$1.00; June sale.....

500 pair Children's best
Seamless Tan Hose;
worth 10c pair;
Sale.....

63 pair Men's good
heavy every-day Sus-
pender, made to sell at
25c;
Sale.....

10 dozen Boys' Best
Mothers' Friend Shirt
Waists, sold everywhere
at 50c;
sale, each.....

5000 bars N. B. Fair-
banks' Best Laundry
Soap, full 10-oz. bar,
worth 5c;
Sale, bar.....

250 Ladies' steel frame
Umbrellas, Congo han-
dles, worth \$1.00;
Sale, each.....

5000 bars N. B. Fair-
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Soap, full 10-oz. bar,
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Sale, each.....

WORKING MEN!

We bought 50 dozen men's black hide,
twill-corded, bosom re-inforced, double,
stitched work shirts, made to sell at 65c
and 75c, sale price

49c

Millinery



Monday to make our June Sale more at-
tractive than ever we have decided to make
a Wonderful Offer in Our Millinery Depart-
ment. All \$25.00, \$20.00, \$18.00 and \$15.00
Hats
June Sale.....

All \$14.50, \$12.50, \$10.00 Hats;
Special June Sale price.....

All \$9.50, \$8.00, \$6.50 and \$7.50 swell Dress
Hats; special
June Sale.....

All cheaper grades will be sold in same
proportion. Come Monday and get choice
selection of the lot.

MITS AND GLOVES SPECIALS

25 dozen Children's black and all color Mitten worth
20c; sale.....

20 dozen Ladies' black all silk Mitten, long wrist, made to
sell in a regular way at 25c; June sale.....

Ladies' fine fine thread Gloves in black and white, with
fancy stitched back, worth 35c; sale price.....

47 dozen Ladies' pure all silk Gloves in white, black
and colors, worth regular 75c; June sale.....